



Midwest Climate Hub
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE



Wisconsin State Climatology Office
Nelson Institute for Environmental Studies



Extension
University of Wisconsin-Madison

Wisconsin Ag Weather Outlook

Week of April 21, 2024

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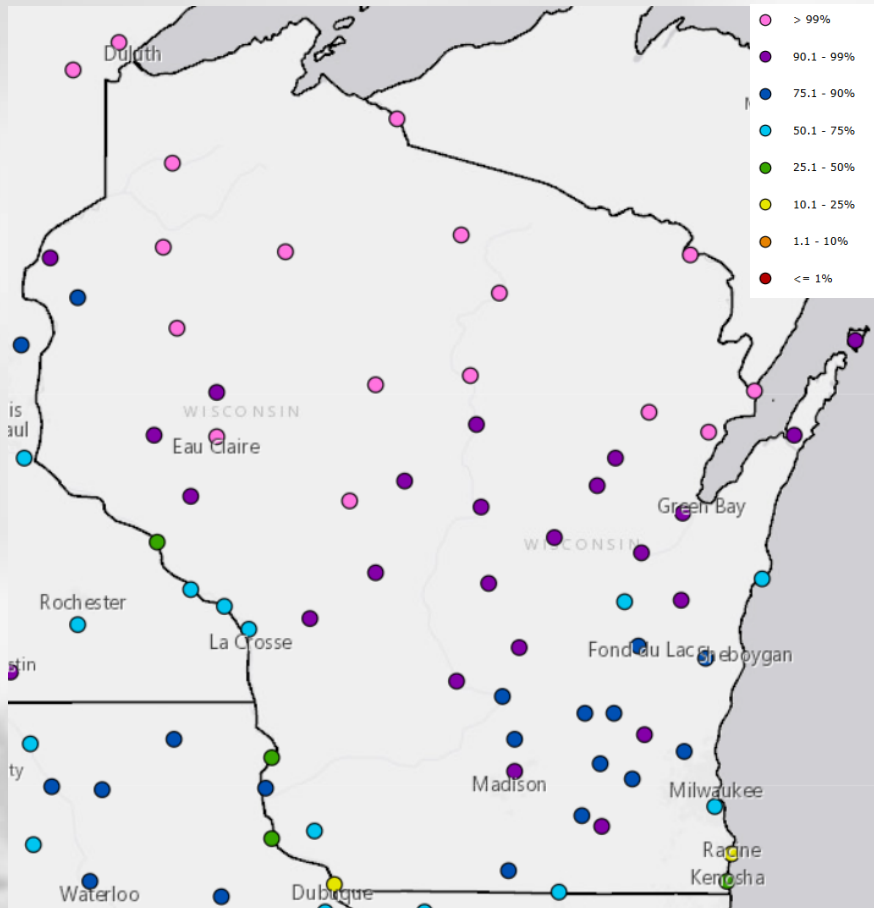
Key Points

Navigate to select slides by clicking on the [links](#) below.

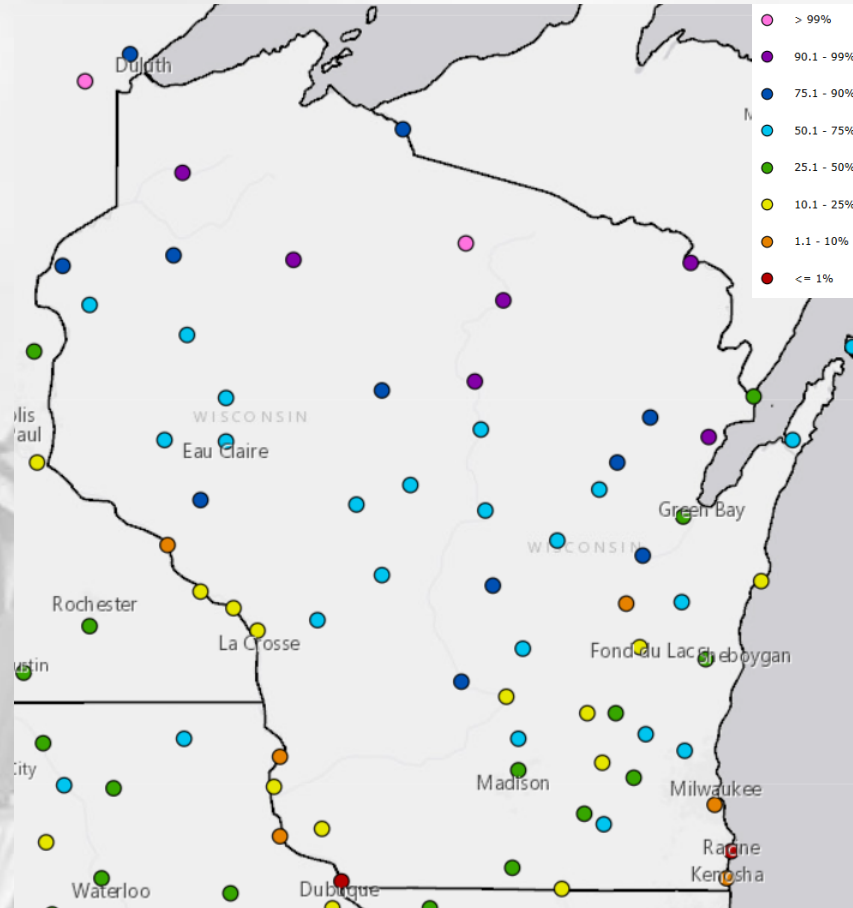
- 1) Year-to-date [precip deficits](#) have been reduced or eliminated after a [wet week](#) across the state.
 - 2) Soils continue to [warm](#) with [frost gone](#) at almost all measuring stations in the state.
 - 3) Drought coverage was again [reduced](#), covering only far SW counties now.
 - 4) Another [wet week](#) is predicted for WI, with the first days of May leaning towards [warmer and drier](#) than normal.
- For this week's agronomic recommendations from UW Extension, click [here](#).
 - For this week's crop progress updates from USDA NASS, click [here](#).

Freeze Risk

Daily Low $\leq 32^{\circ}\text{F}$



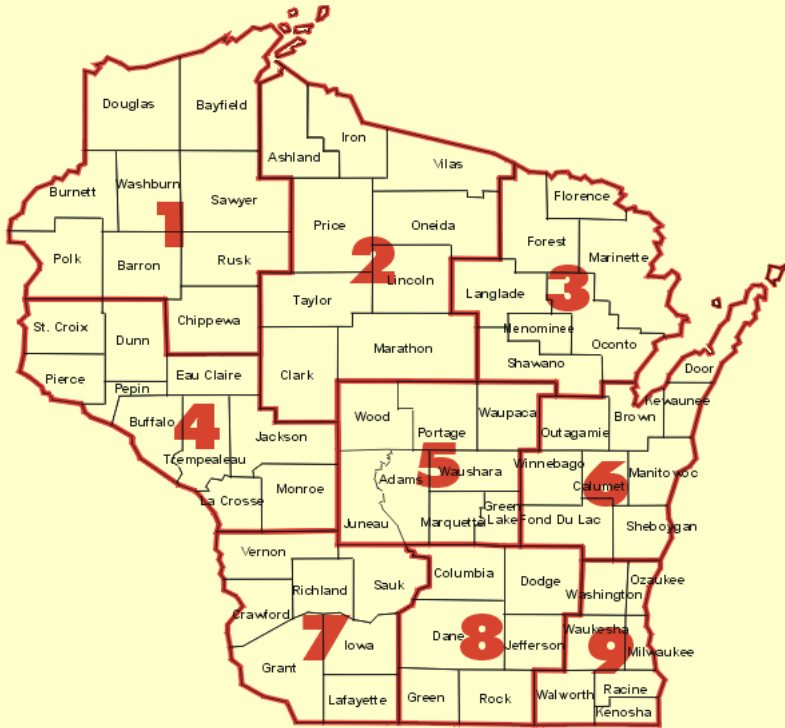
Daily Low $\leq 28^{\circ}\text{F}$



- Maps show the probability of a **freeze occurring after April 22nd**.
- For most of the state, there is a **$\geq 90\%$ chance** of a 32°F freeze occurring after the 22nd; **$\geq 50\%$ chance** of a 28°F freeze.
- Likelihood is **lesser** along the Mississippi River and in the south/east.

Gaining Ground

Wisconsin

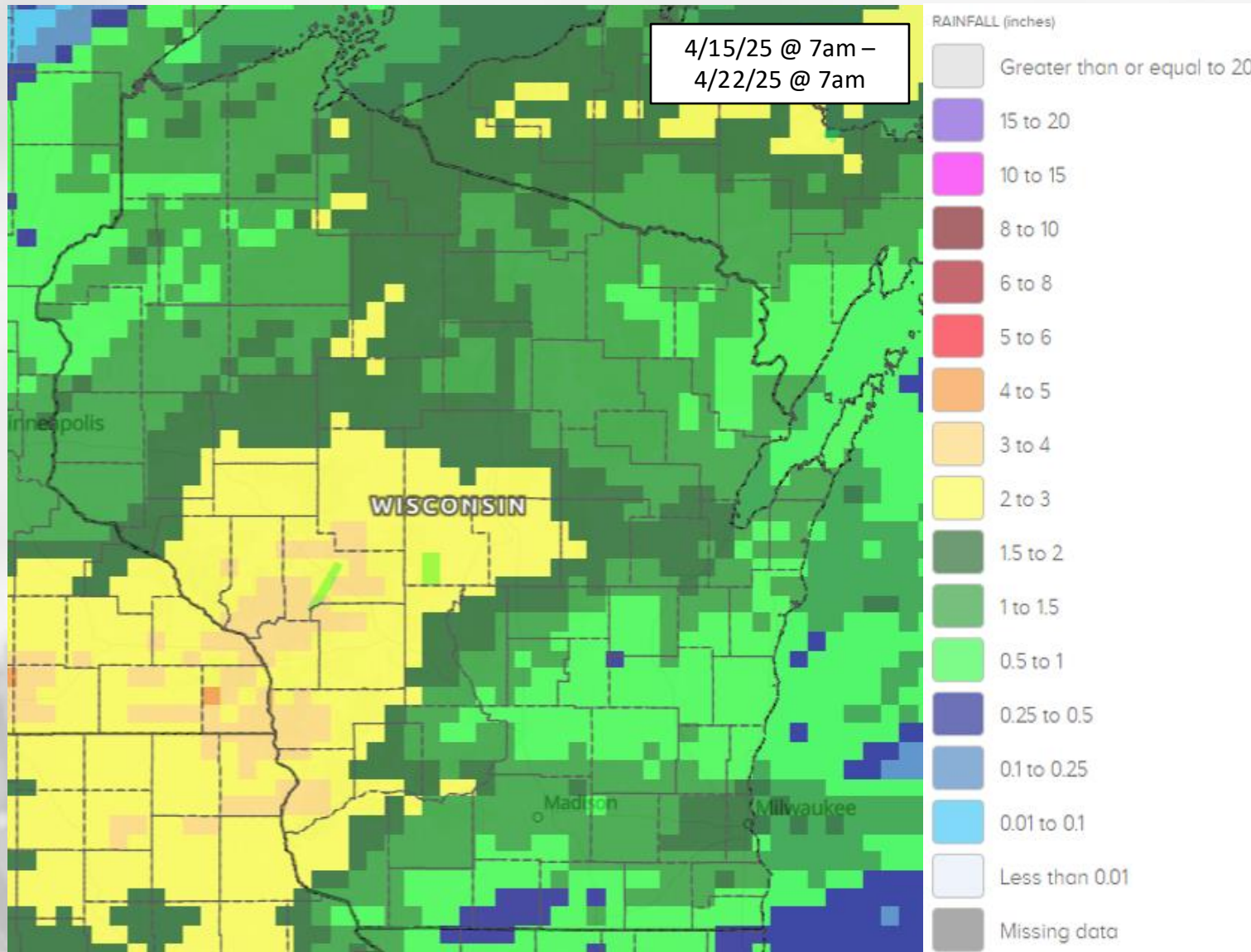


Precip stats by climate division → 2025 totals before and after this past week

Climate Division	% of Normal (1/1 – 4/14)	Precip (4/15 – 4/21)	% of Normal (1/1 – 4/21)
WI01	116	1.45	133
WI02	125	1.57	139
WI03	127	1.30	134
WI04	96	2.42	126
WI05	111	1.68	124
WI06	97	1.29	107
WI07	79	1.85	95
WI08	83	1.06	88
WI09	89	1.10	94

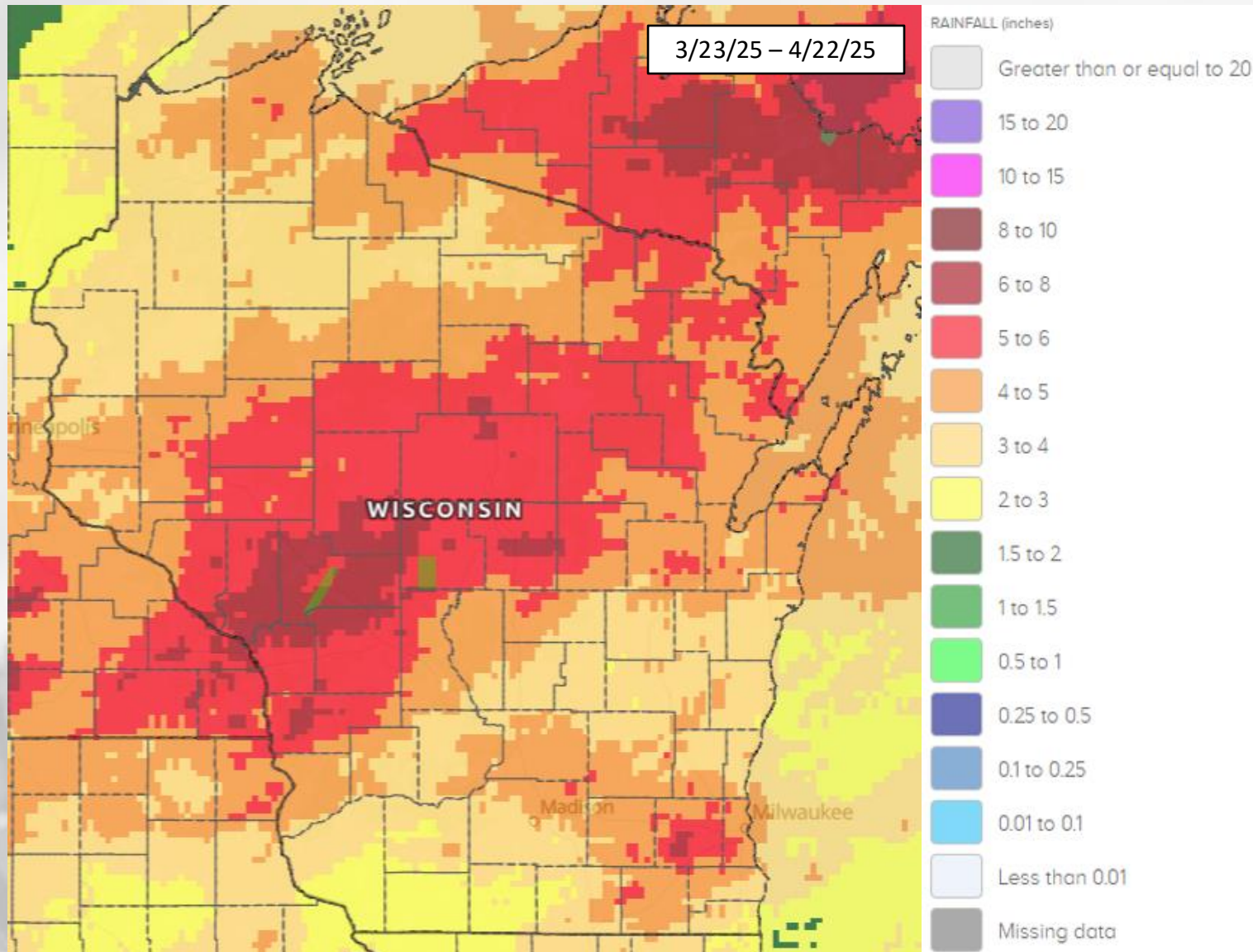
A wet week across the state helped **reduce or eliminate** year-to-date precip deficits.

7 Day Precip



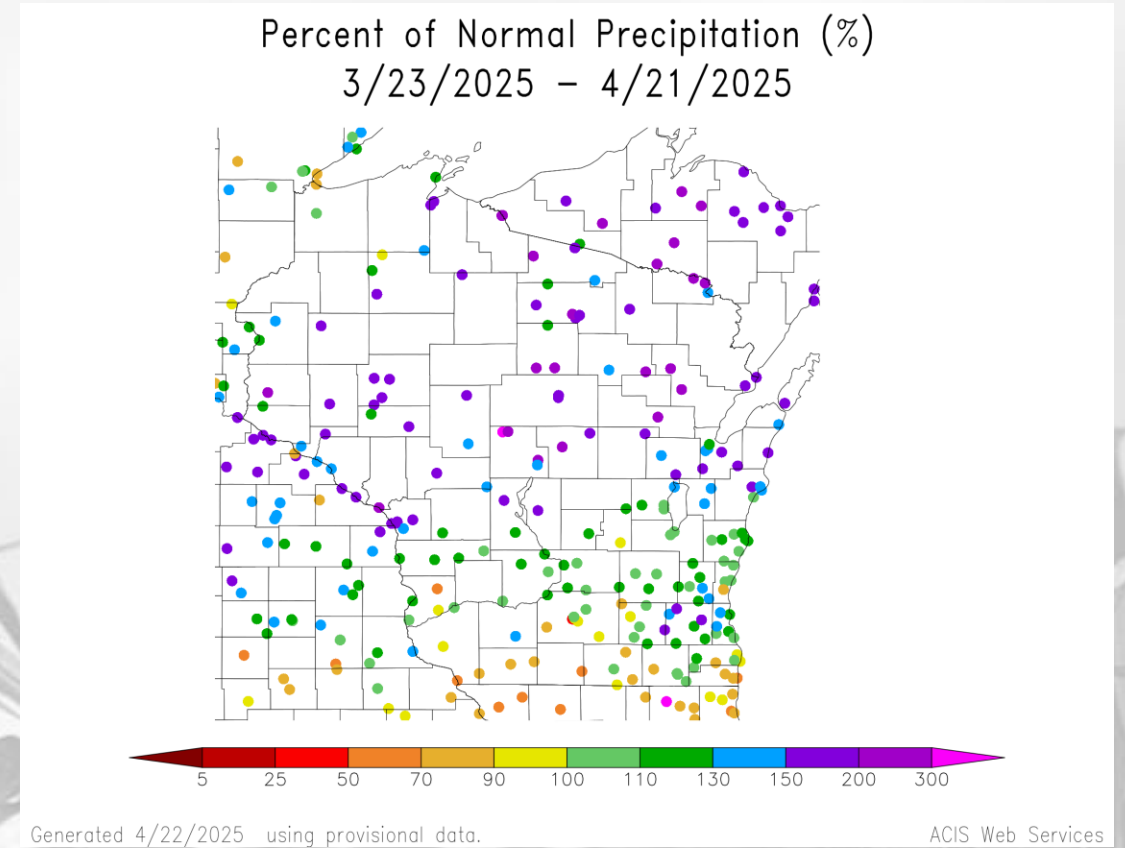
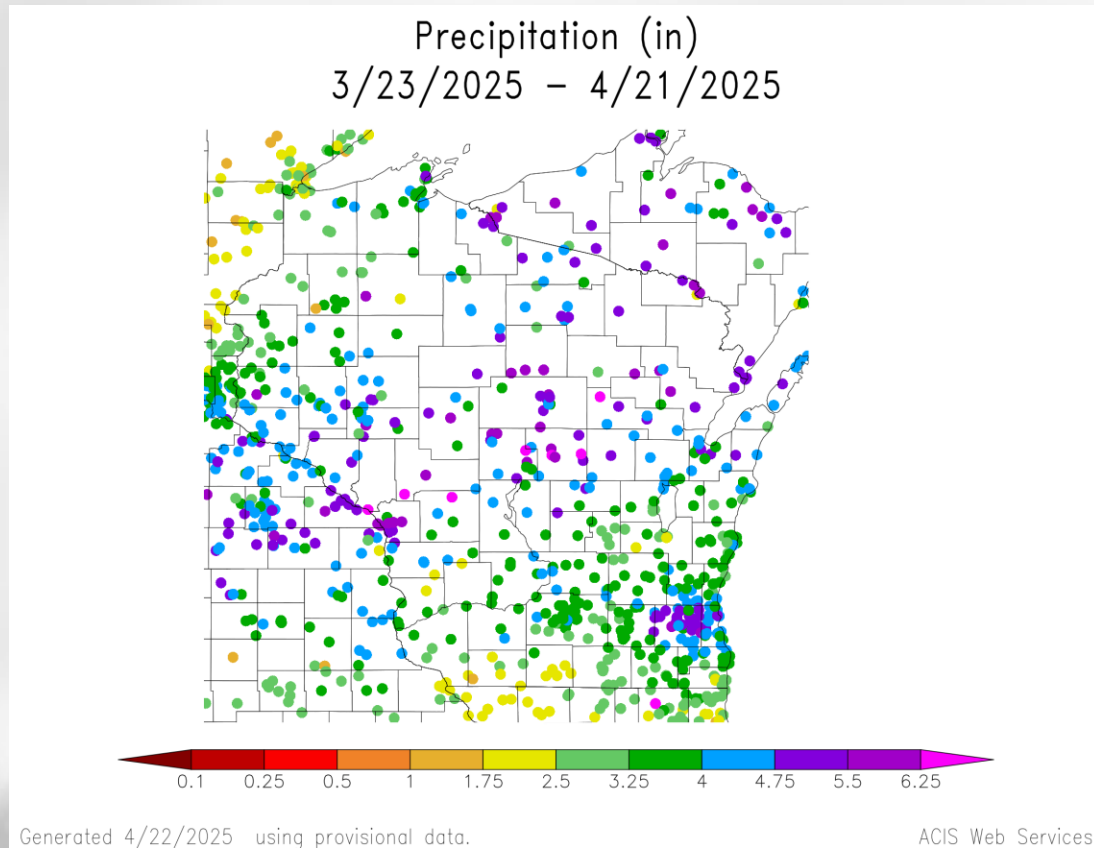
- **Half inch or more** of precip fell across the state last week, with **most receiving over an inch**.
- **Heaviest in the SW/WC**, with totals of 2-4" (Prairie du Chien up to Eau Claire and over to Stevens Point).
- Lesser totals in the **SE/SC, far NE, and far NW**.

30 Day Precip



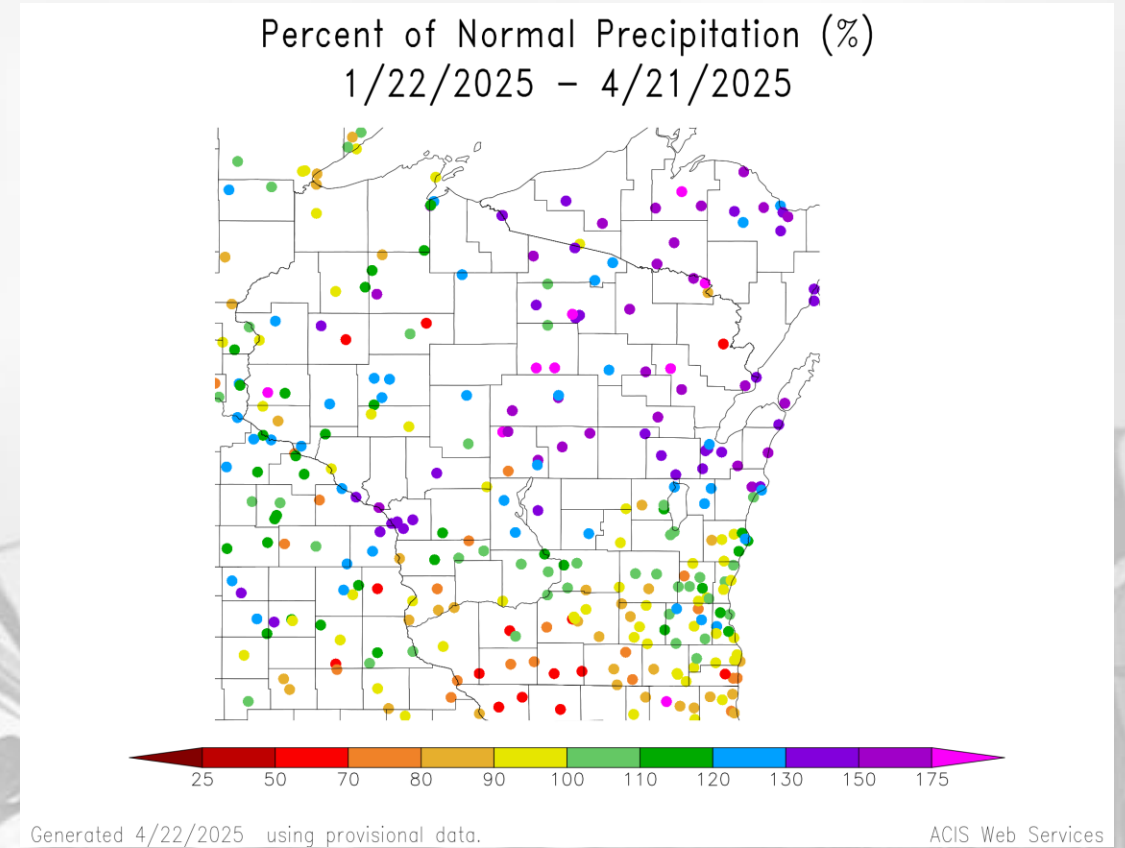
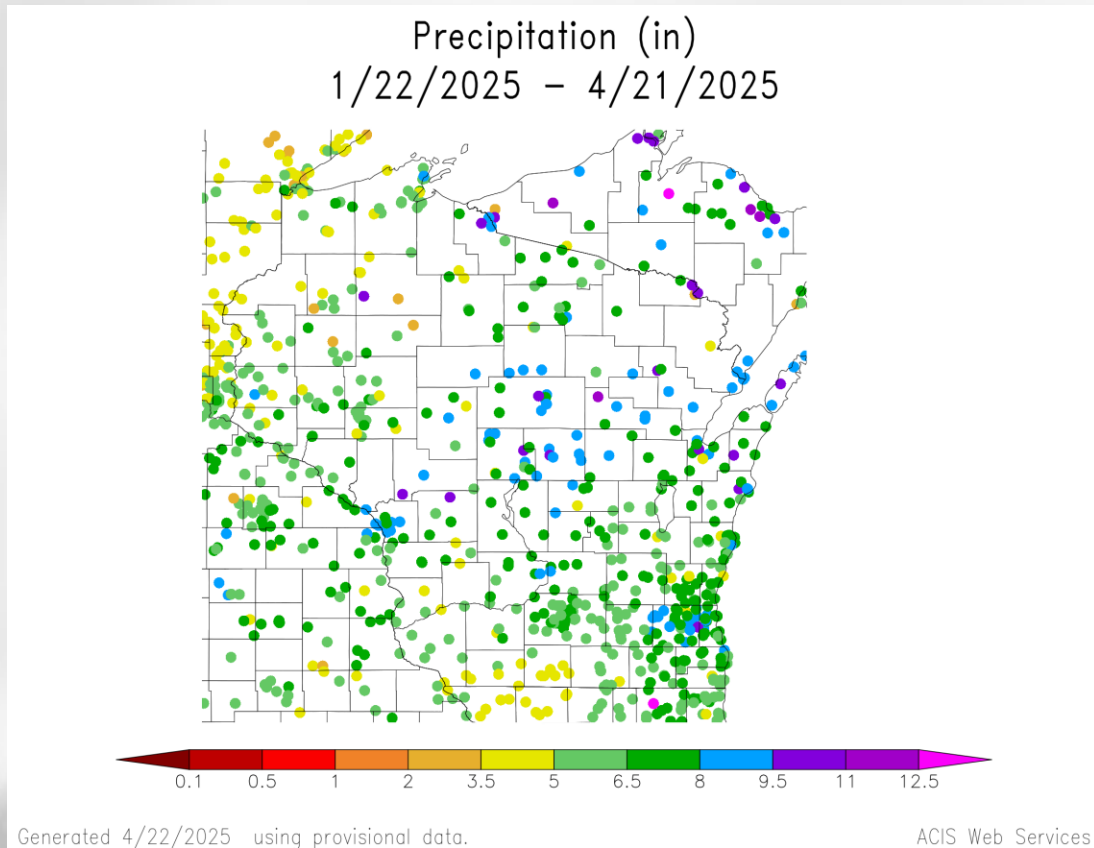
- Heaviest precipitation concentrated in a band from La Crosse to Marinette County. → **5-8"**
- This still includes totals from the [late March ice storm](#).
- **2-5"** across the rest of WI outside of the belt mentioned above.

30 Day Precip Total/% Avg.



- Precip totals over the past 30 days were highest from the **west-central to northeast**, as well as by **Milwaukee**.
 - **4" or more** was common across stations in these areas → **130% or more** of 30-year normal.
 - Elsewhere, **2.5-4"** was common → below-to-near normal; **most below normal along the IL border**.

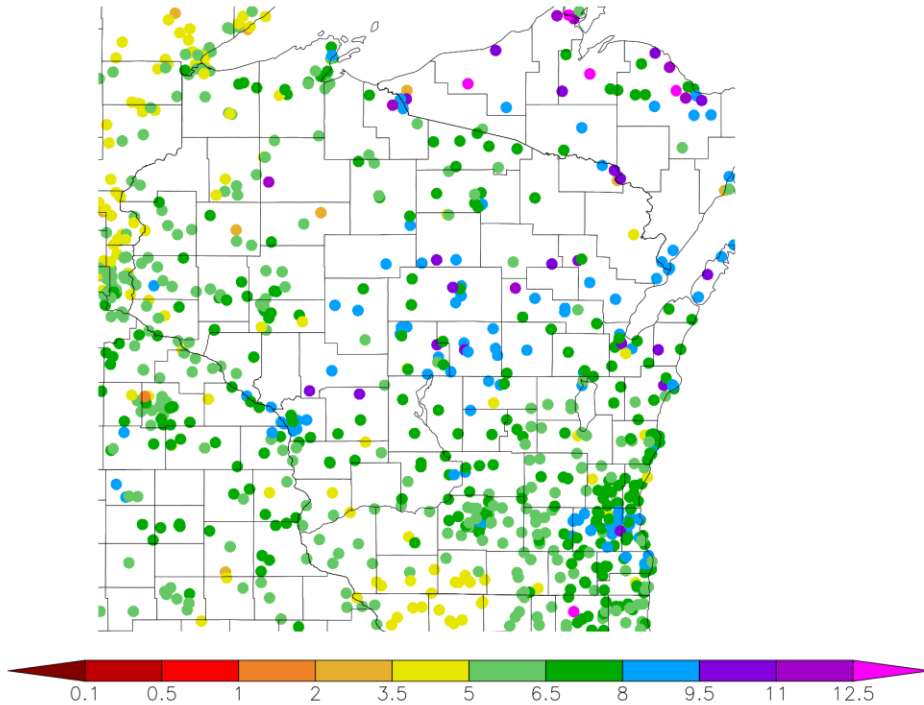
90 Day Precip Total/% Avg.



- **>5"** common across most of WI, with **totals highest in the WC-to-NE belt** → **>8"** common
 - **150-175%** the 30-year normal at many stations in the NE/NC.
- **Above the 30-year normal** is common in the central and north, contrasting **50-90% of normal** in the south.

2025 Precipitation (so far)

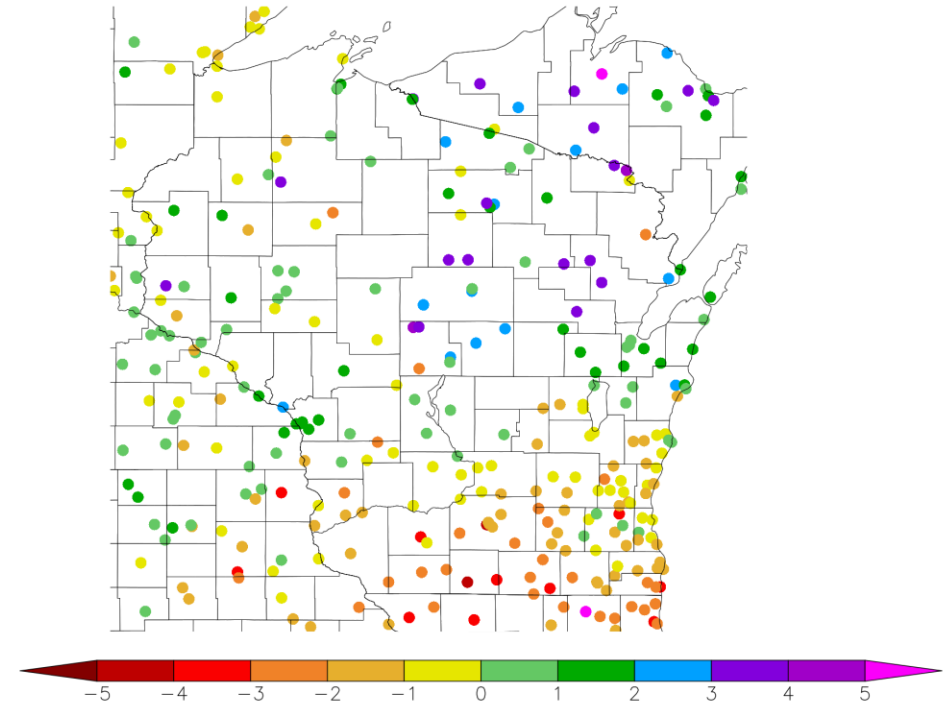
Precipitation (in)
1/1/2025 – 4/21/2025



Generated 4/22/2025 using provisional data.

ACIS Web Services

Departure from Normal Precipitation (in)
1/1/2025 – 4/21/2025



Generated 4/22/2025 using provisional data.

ACIS Web Services

<https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps>

Soil Moisture Models

- **70th percentile or higher** in the central and NE counties with higher-than-normal precip so far this year.
- **20th percentile or lower** in the south where the last 30-90 days have been drier-than-normal.
- **Reductions in dryness** in the west-central and southwest from last week's precip.

Model Notes:

Red areas = top 5 driest in 100 years.

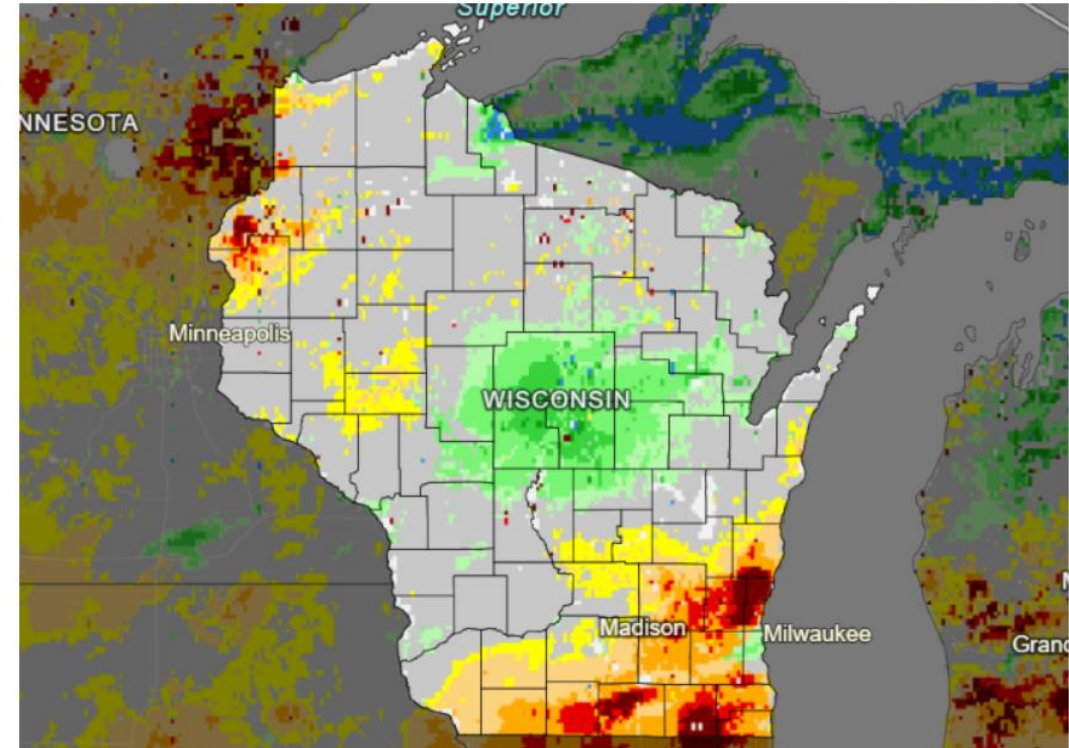
Dark red areas = top 2 driest in 100 years.

Blue areas = top 2 wettest in 100 years.

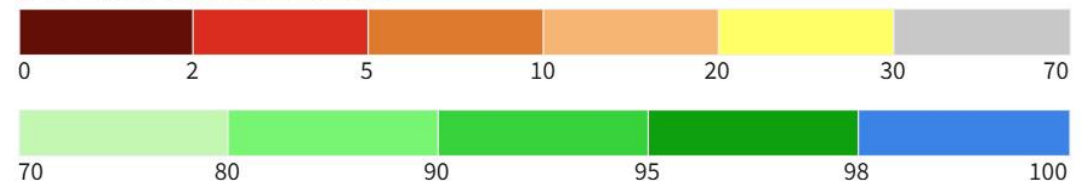
It's worth noting that each soil moisture model has their own characteristics and input variables, so there tends to be variation between models. Thus, it's worthwhile to look at multiple models opposed to just one.

https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/sport/case_studies/lis_CONUS.html
<https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin>

NASA SPoRT-LIS 0-100 cm Soil Moisture Percentile



0-100 cm Soil Moisture Percentile

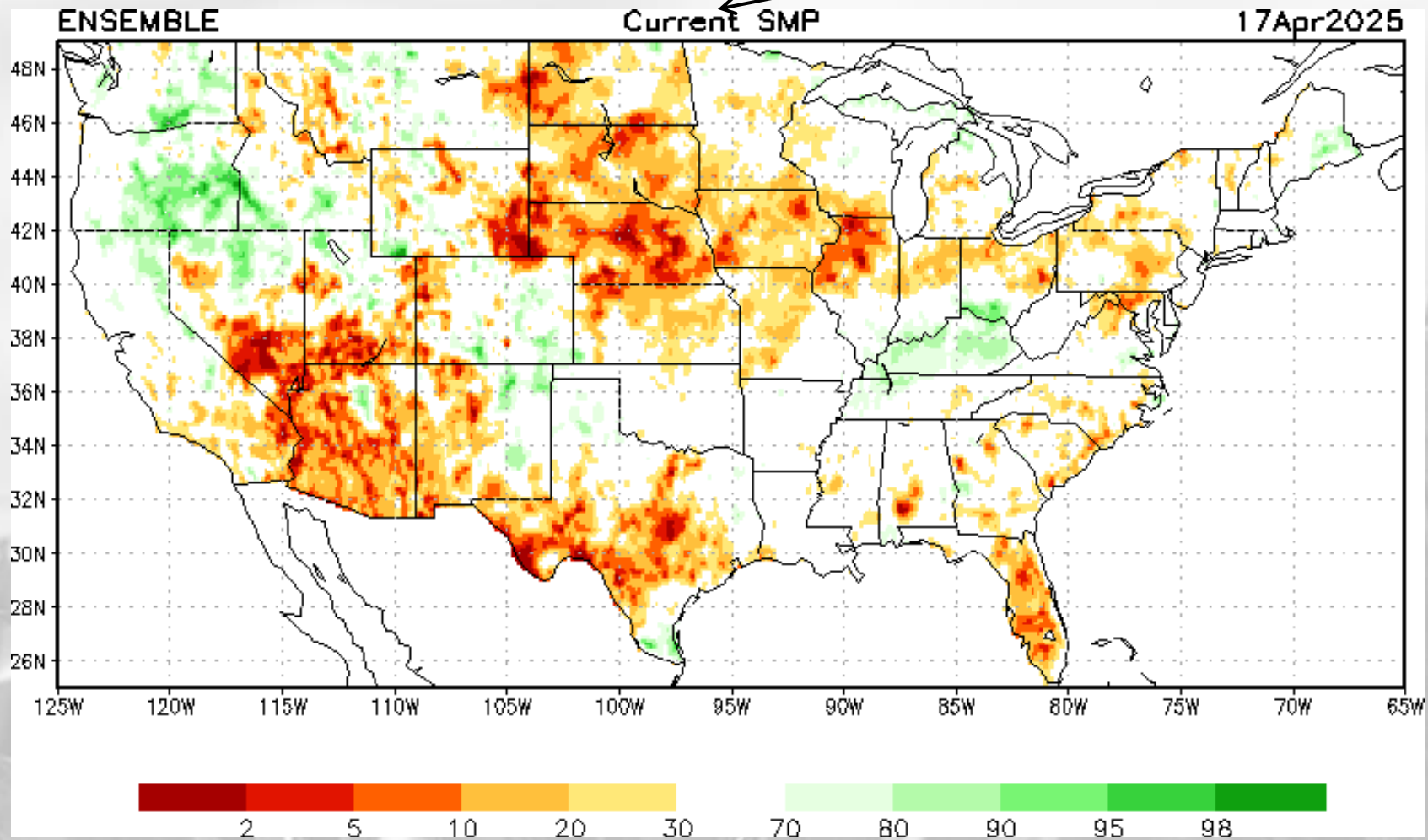


Source(s): NASA
Data Valid: 04/21/25

Drought.gov

Soil Moisture Models

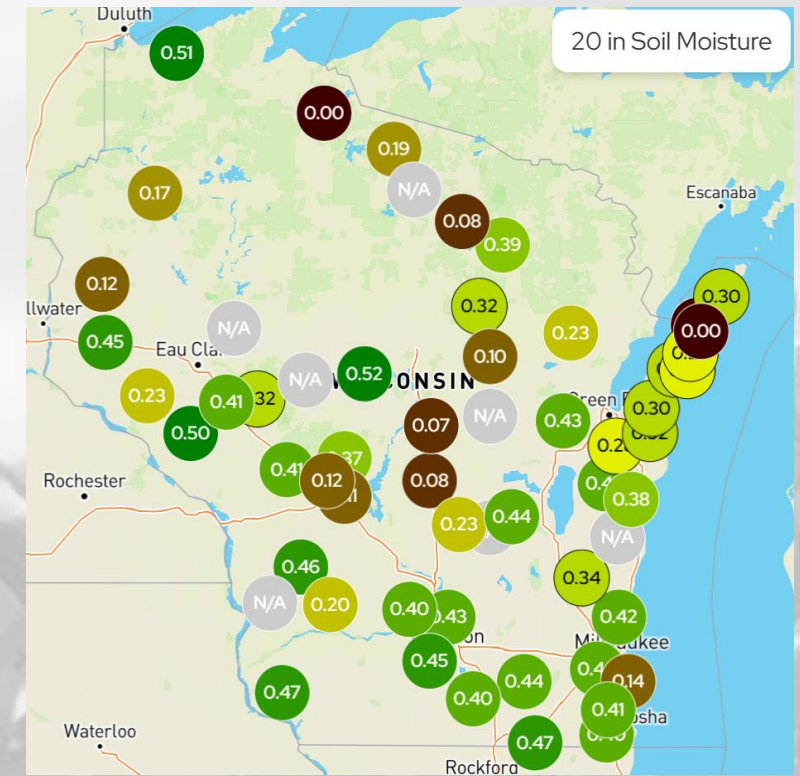
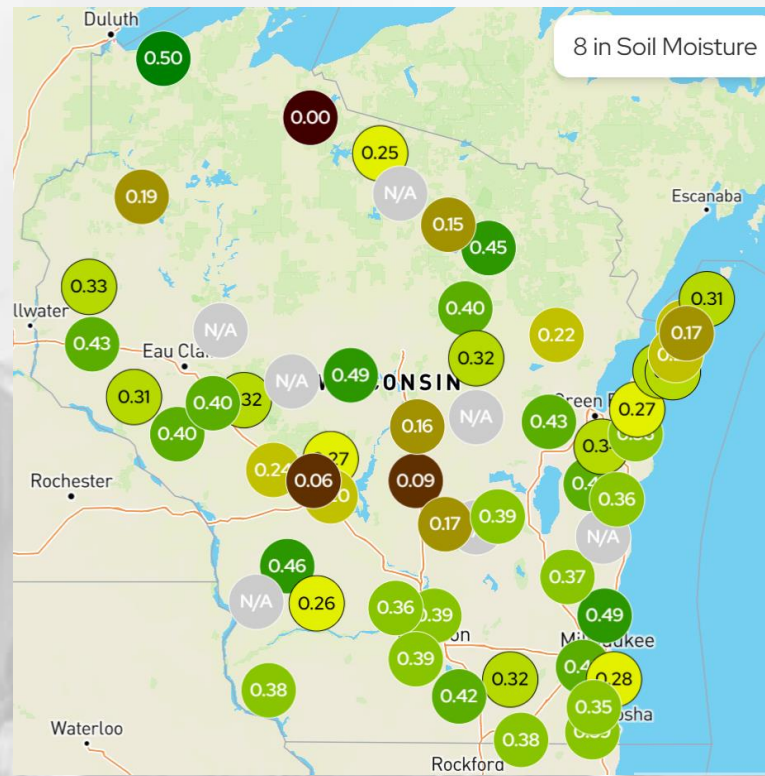
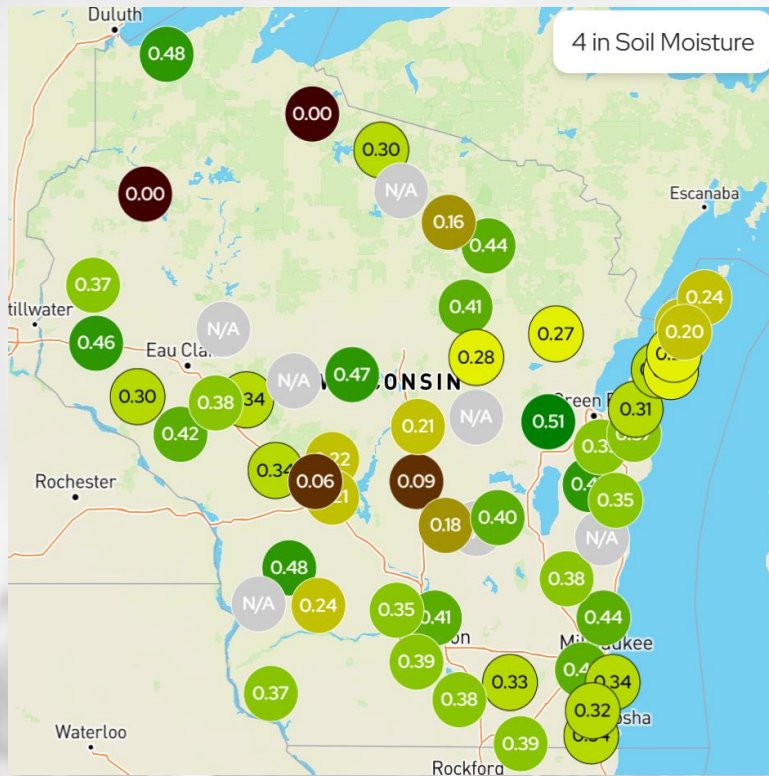
NOTE: this map displays the soil moisture percentile for Apr. 17. It was the most recent update on Apr. 22.



https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/Drought/Monitoring/smp_new.shtml

Wisconet Soil Moisture

Maps showing soil moisture conditions on
April 22nd @ Mid-morning

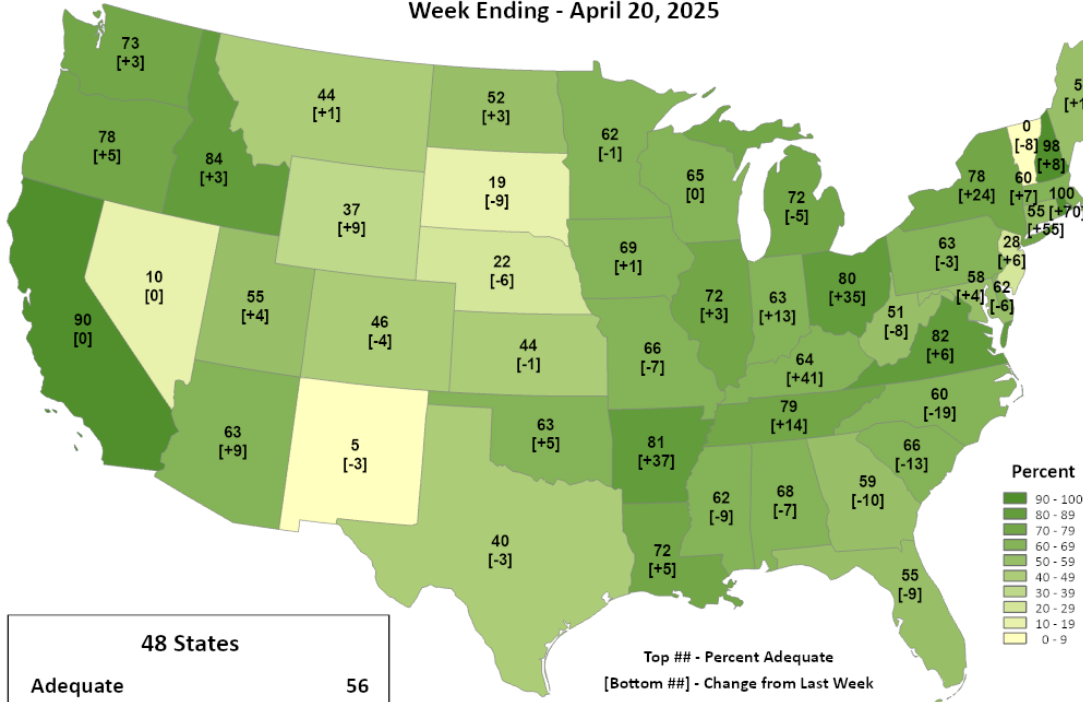


Adequate Soil Moisture

USDA United States
Department of
Agriculture

This product was prepared by the
USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE)
World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Topsoil Moisture Percent Adequate Week Ending - April 20, 2025

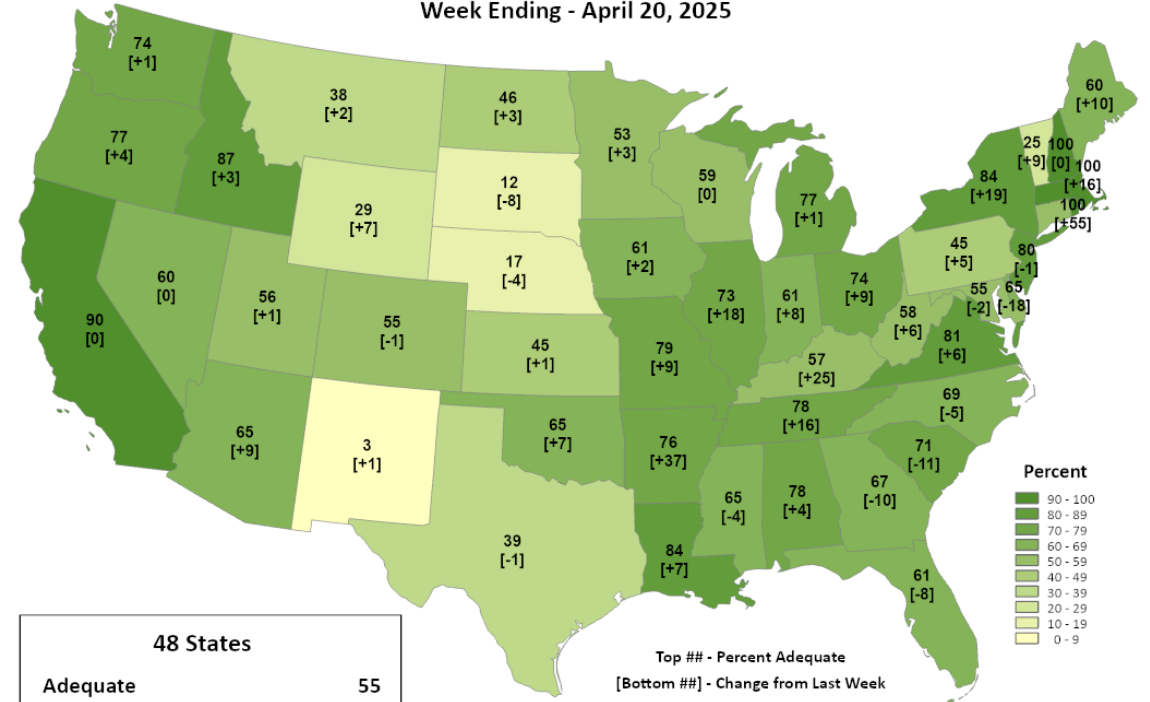


Data obtained from USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service weekly Crop Progress reports.

USDA United States
Department of
Agriculture

This product was prepared by the
USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE)
World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Subsoil Moisture Percent Adequate Week Ending - April 20, 2025



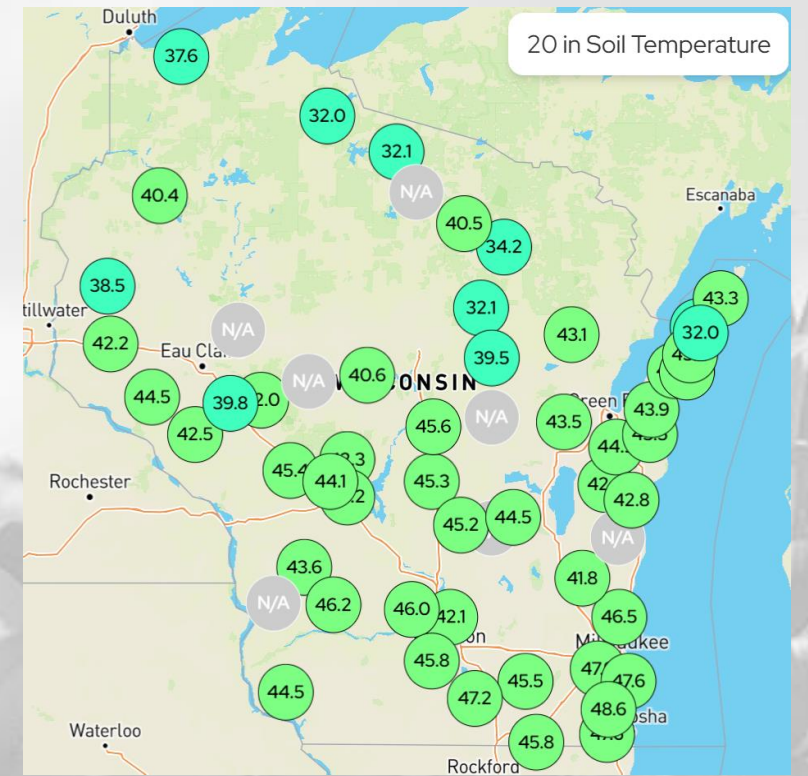
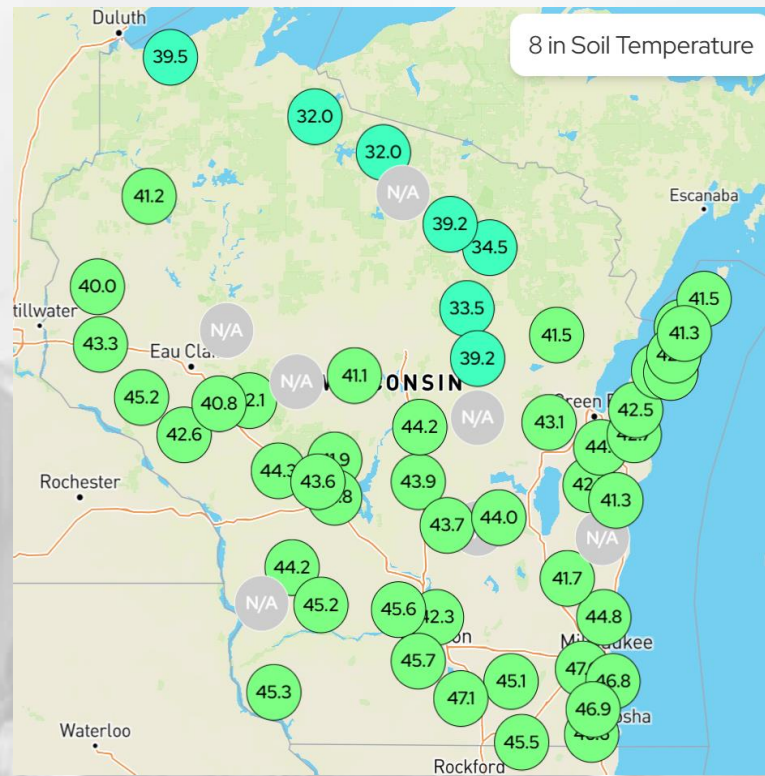
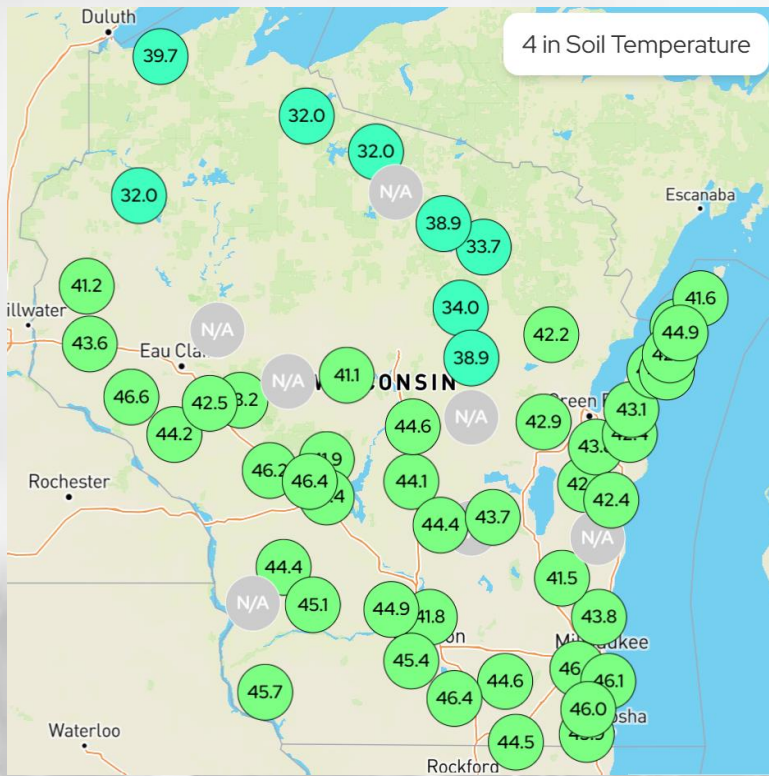
Data obtained from USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service weekly Crop Progress reports.

- **60-65%** of agricultural soils in the state with adequate topsoil and subsoil moisture.
- **19%** of fields in the state are reported as having surplus topsoil moisture.

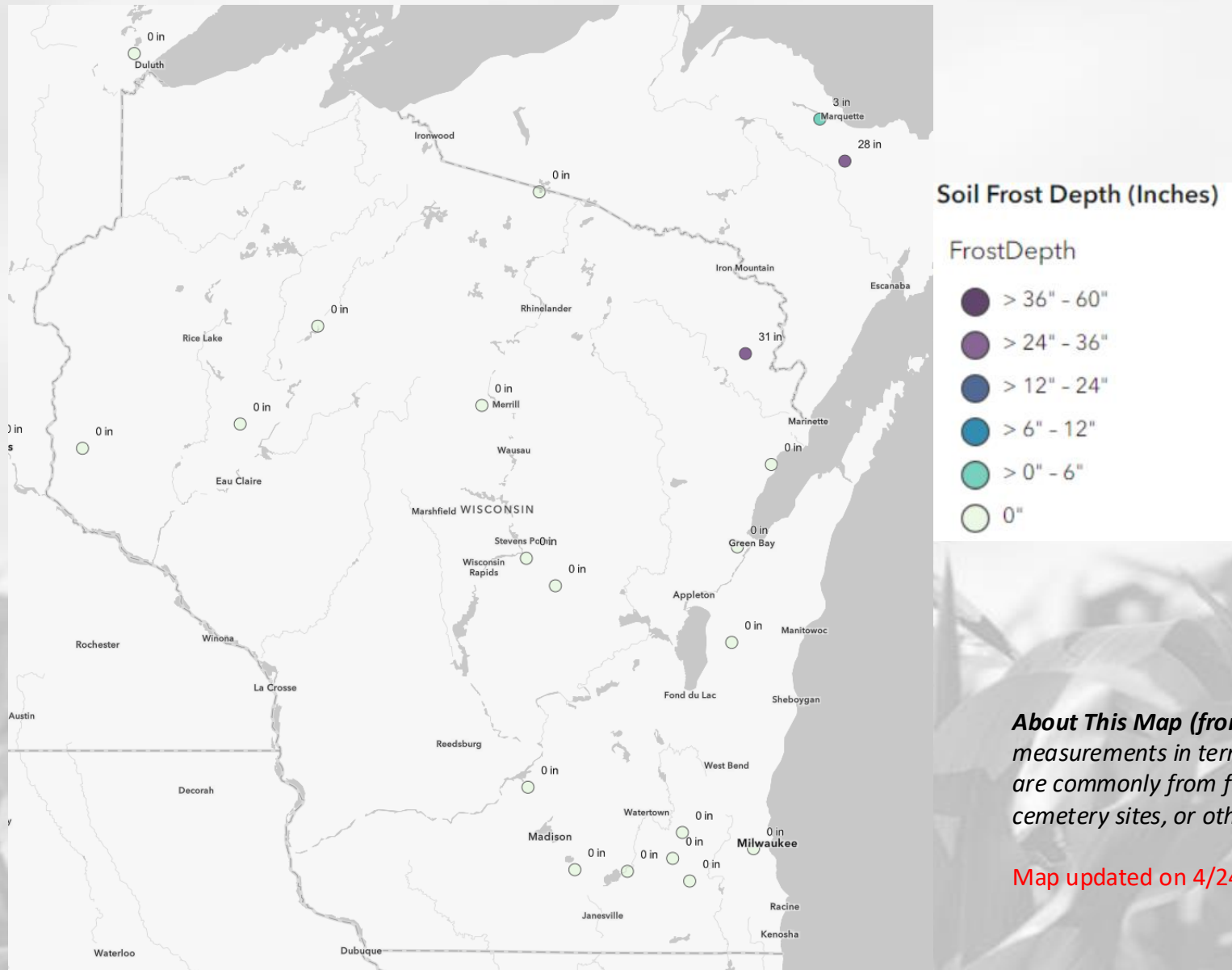
<https://agindrought.unl.edu/Other.aspx>

Wisconet Soil Temperature

Maps showing soil temperature conditions
on April 22nd @ Mid-morning



Frost Depth



- Only **one station** in far NE Wisconsin is reporting frost to a depth of 31".
- Wisconet is reporting 20-40" soil temps in the **mid to upper 30's** in northern WI, with **40's more common** in the C & S.

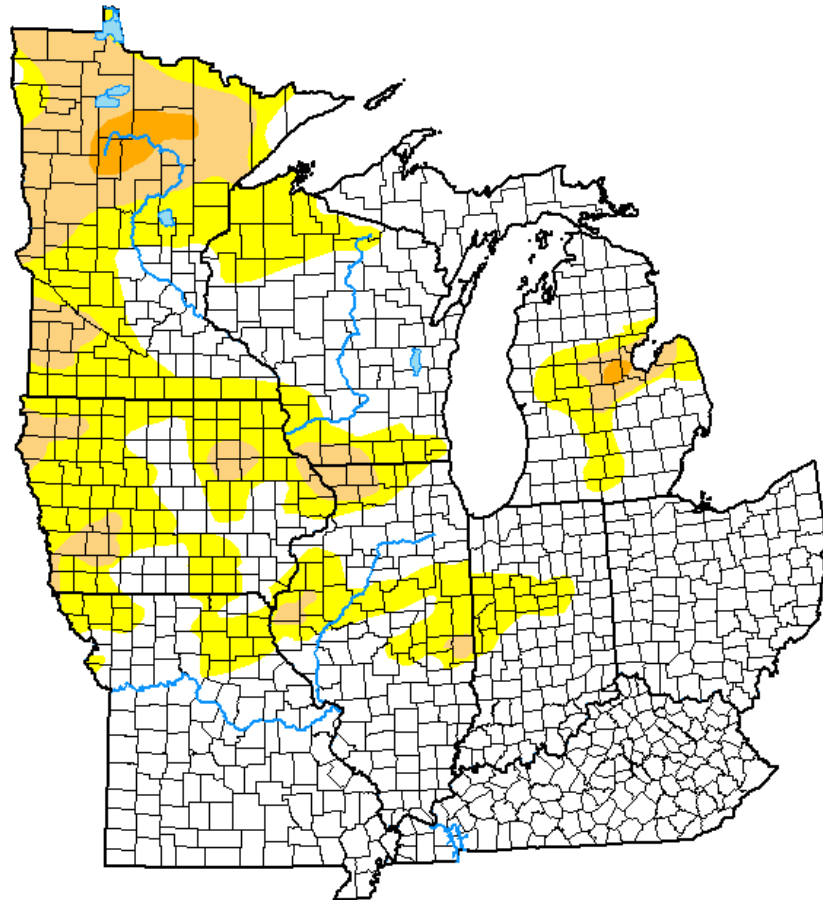
About This Map (from NOAA): "This map displays recent frost depth measurements in terms of inches below the soil surface. Frost depth reports are commonly from frost tube instruments, visual reports from construction or cemetery sites, or other types of electronic probes."

Map updated on 4/24/25

https://www.weather.gov/ncrfc/mi_frostdepthmap

US Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor Midwest



April 22, 2025

(Released Thursday, Apr. 24, 2025)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	65.57	34.43	11.00	1.07	0.00	0.00
Last Week 04-15-2025	57.30	42.70	13.22	1.07	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago 01-21-2025	46.74	53.26	29.29	3.56	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-07-2025	44.12	55.88	29.47	3.56	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 10-01-2024	21.78	78.22	28.15	6.40	1.46	0.66
One Year Ago 04-23-2024	58.41	41.59	23.36	6.34	0.30	0.00

Intensity:

None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

Author:

Richard Tinker
CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP



droughtmonitor.unl.edu

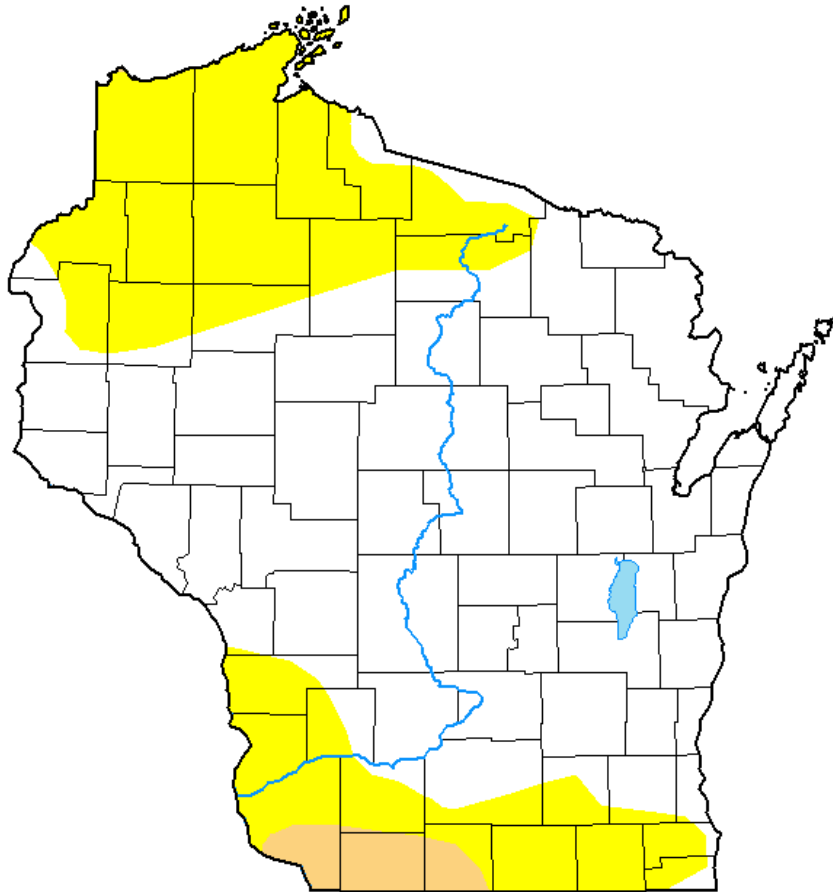
- Compared to last week:
 - Decrease in D0 & D1 coverage
- **1 class improvement** across northern and southwest WI.
- **1.1%** of the region remains in D2 drought, **unchanged** from last week.
 - D2 is in **northern MN** and **east-central MI**.
- **89%** of the region is drought free (11% in D1 or D2).

Note: D0 is not considered drought.

<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

US Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor Wisconsin



<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

April 22, 2025

(Released Thursday, Apr. 24, 2025)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	67.61	32.39	2.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 04-15-2025	57.97	42.03	4.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago 01-21-2025	36.12	63.88	39.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-07-2025	36.12	63.88	39.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 10-01-2024	18.68	81.32	29.83	8.45	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 04-23-2024	56.39	43.61	19.02	3.29	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

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CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP

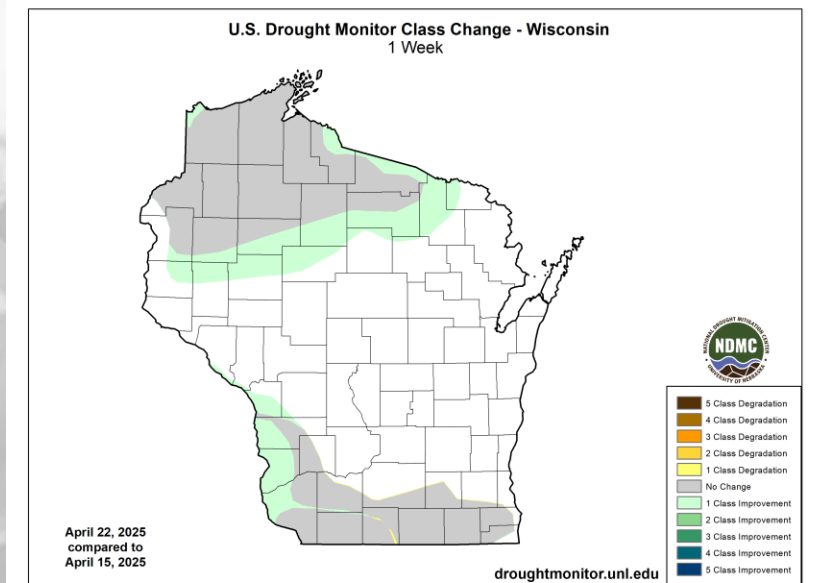


droughtmonitor.unl.edu

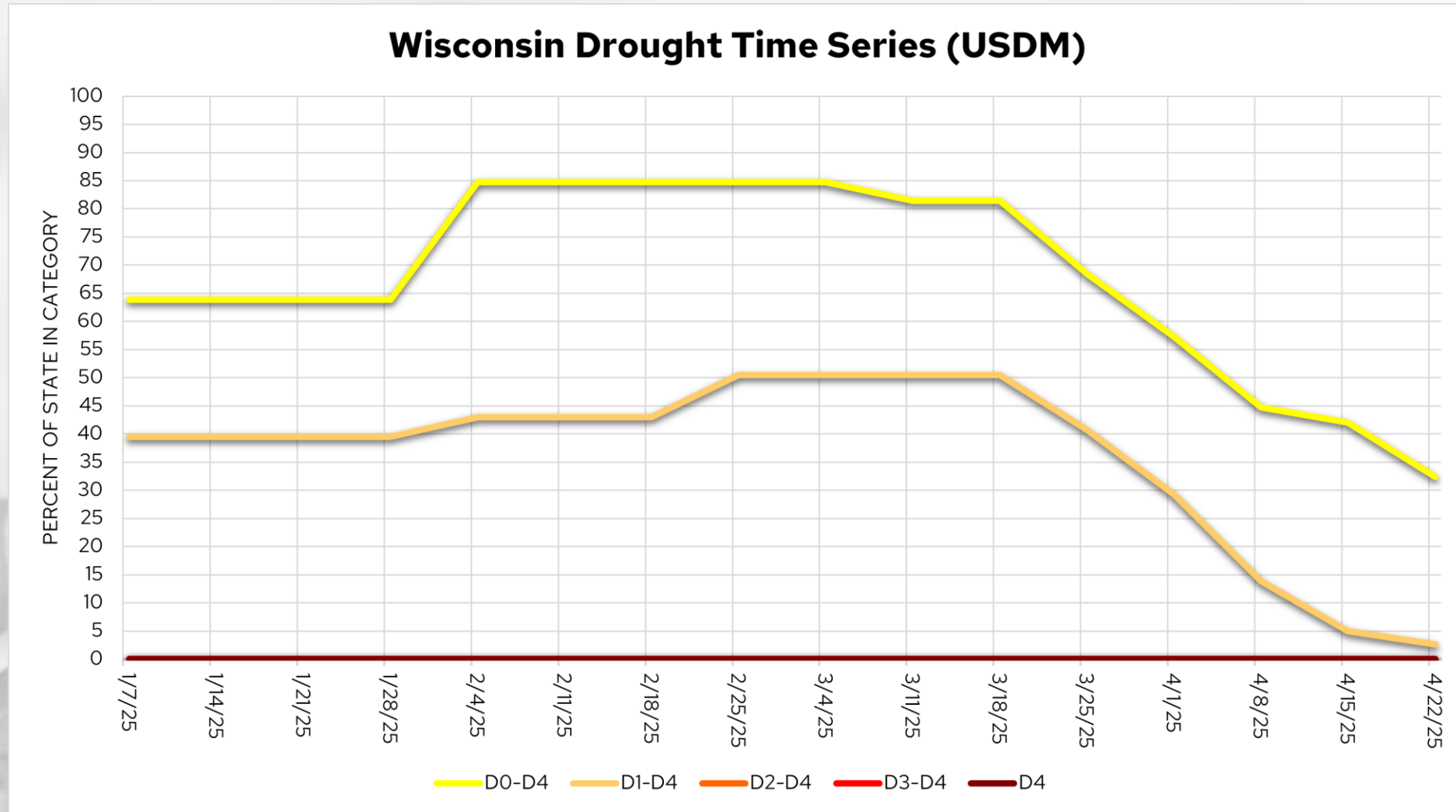
Amount of state in:

- D1-D4 – 2.6% ↓
- D2-D4 – 0.0% --
- D3-D4 – 0.0% --
- D4 – 0.0% --

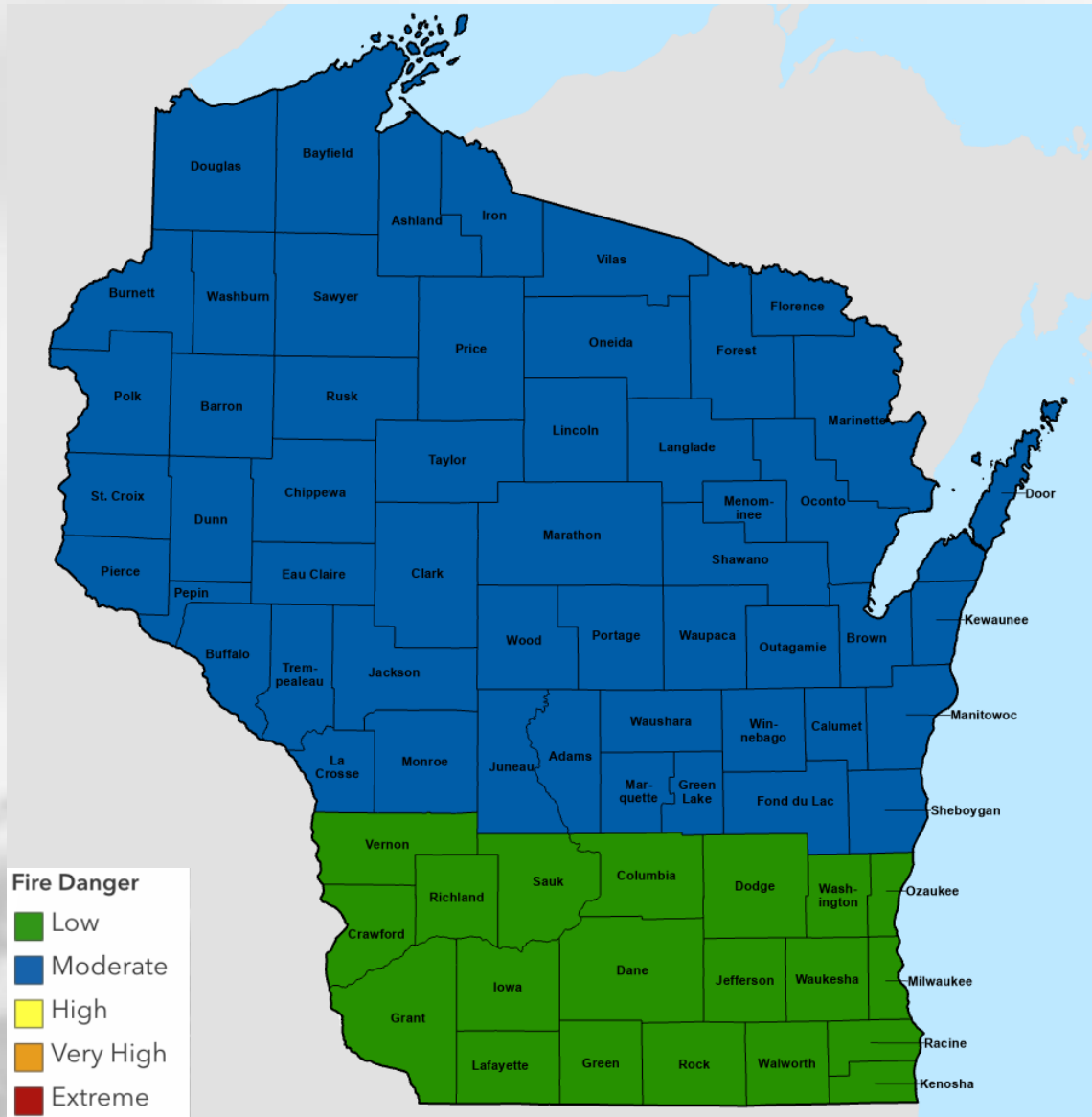
Note: ↑↓ indicate change from last week. Red up arrows indicate increase in drought area; vice-versa for green arrows.



USDM Time Series



Wildfire Risk



A fire danger of **LOW** means wildfires do not easily ignite and will spread slowly.

A fire danger of **MODERATE** means wildfires can ignite and will spread but are relatively easy to contain.

A fire danger of **HIGH** means wildfires ignite easily, spread rapidly, and can be challenging to control.

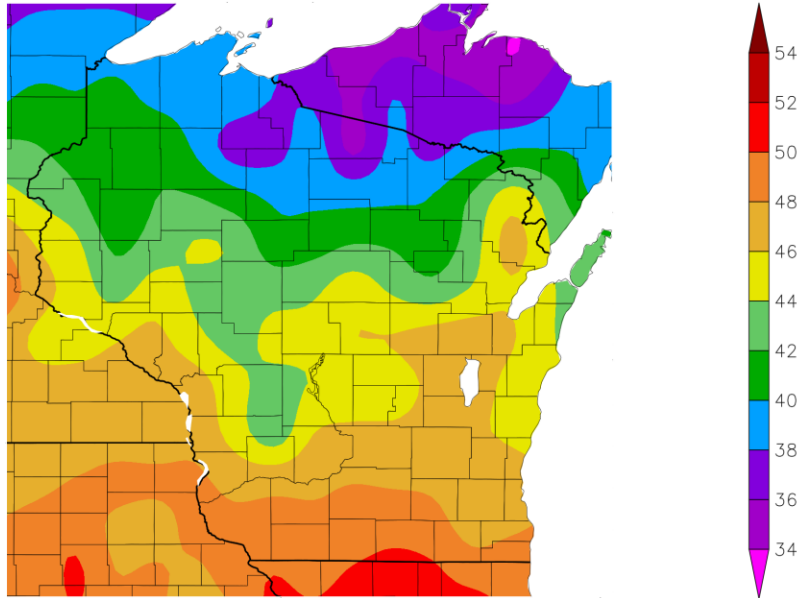
A fire danger of **VERY HIGH** means wildfires start easily, spread rapidly with increased intensity and are difficult to control.

Map updated on 4/24/25

<https://apps.dnr.wi.gov/wisburn/#/>

7 Day Temperatures

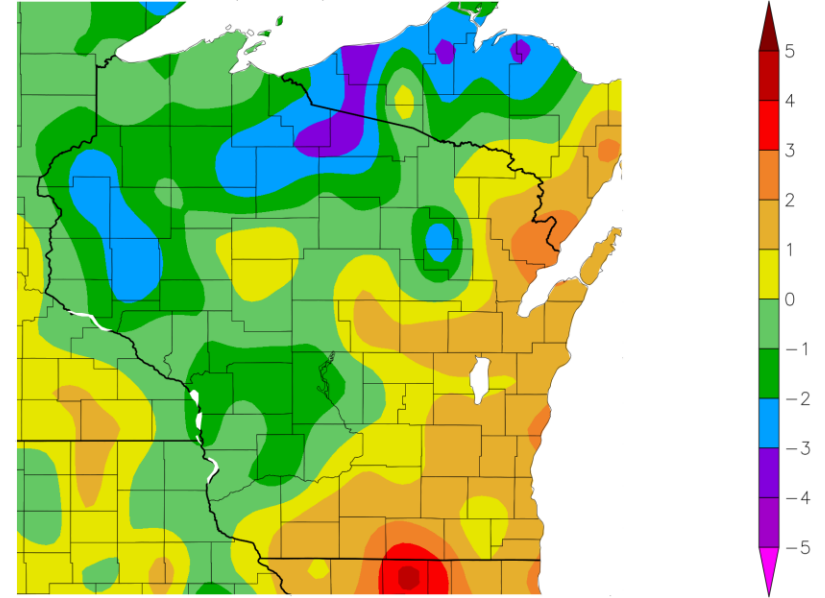
Temperature (F)
4/15/2025 – 4/21/2025



Generated 4/22/2025 using provisional data.

ACIS Web Services

Departure from Normal Temperature (F)
4/15/2025 – 4/21/2025



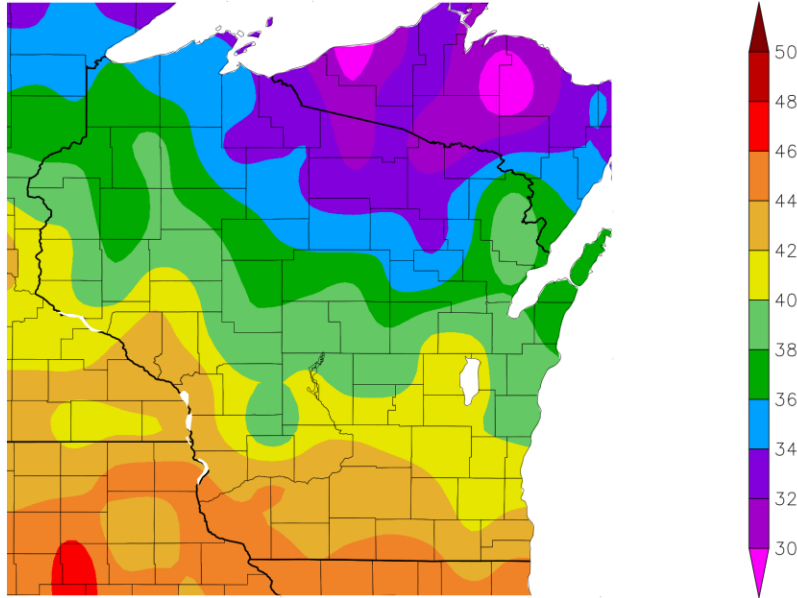
Generated 4/22/2025 using provisional data.

ACIS Web Services

- Temperature range of **46-50°F** in the south to **36-40°F** in the far north.
- Most of the state was **within -/+2°F of climatological average** last week.
- **Above normal temps** in the east, with **cooler-than-average conditions** further west and north.

30 Day Temperatures

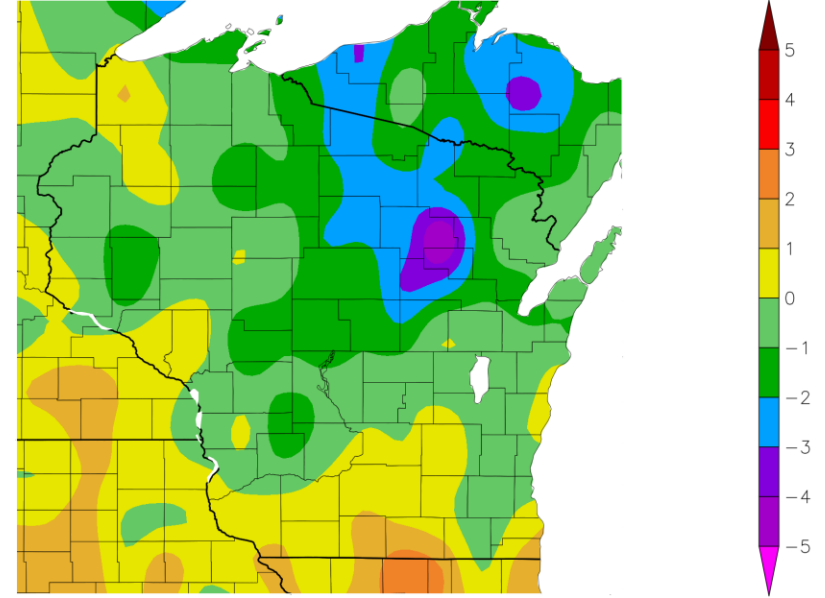
Temperature (F)
3/23/2025 – 4/21/2025



Generated 4/22/2025 using provisional data.

ACIS Web Services

Departure from Normal Temperature (F)
3/23/2025 – 4/21/2025



Generated 4/22/2025 using provisional data.

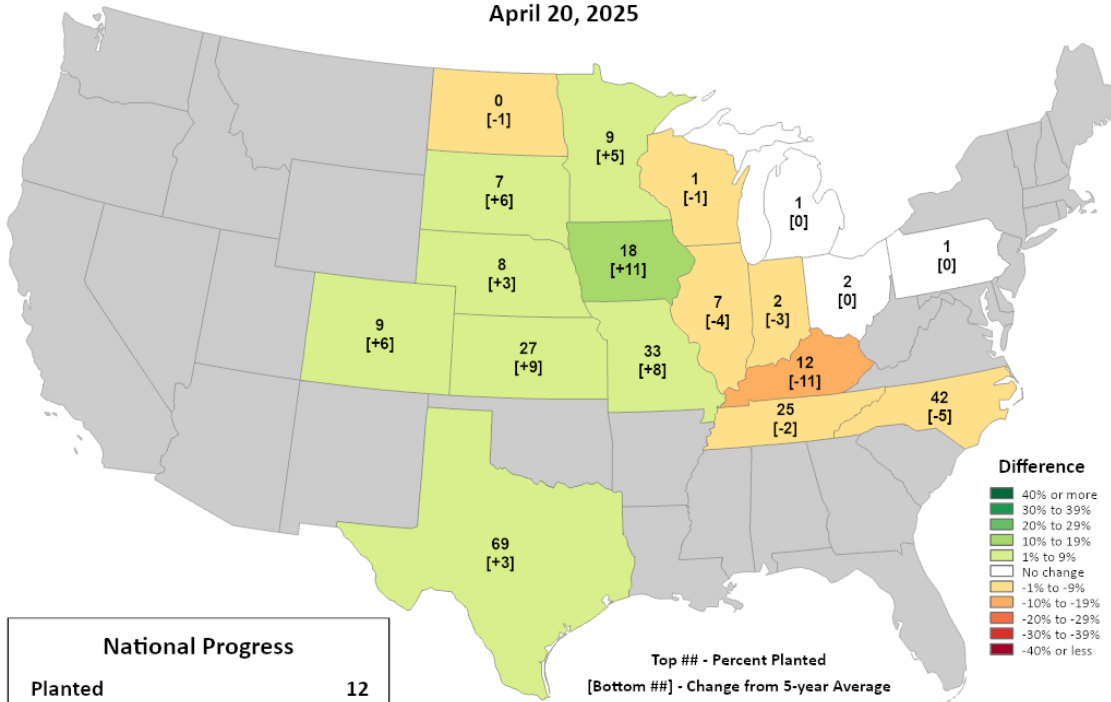
ACIS Web Services

- Temperatures for the past month ranged from **40-46°F** in the S & W to **30-36°F** in the far NC.
 - **1-3°F below normal** in the central and north compared to climatological (1991-2020) average.
 - Temps **above the climatological average** in the south and portions of the west.

Corn & Soybean Progress

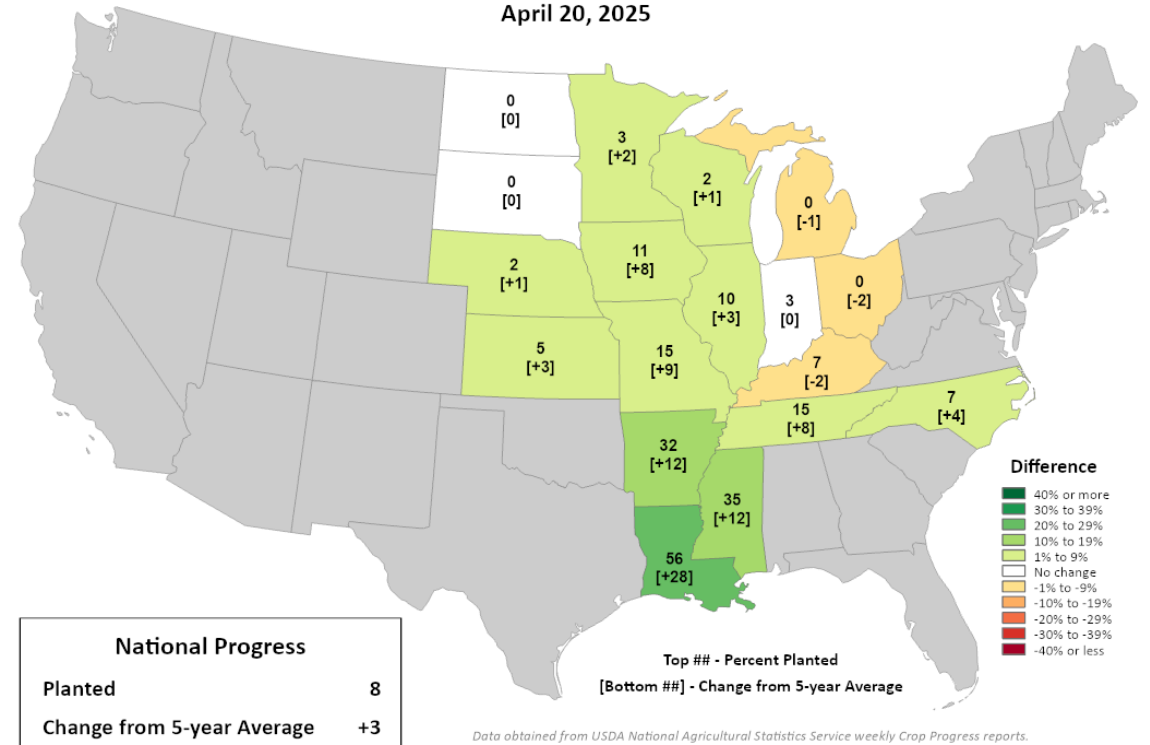
USDA United States Department of Agriculture
This product was prepared by the
USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE)
World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Corn Progress Percent Planted April 20, 2025



USDA United States Department of Agriculture
This product was prepared by the
USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE)
World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Soybeans Progress Percent Planted April 20, 2025



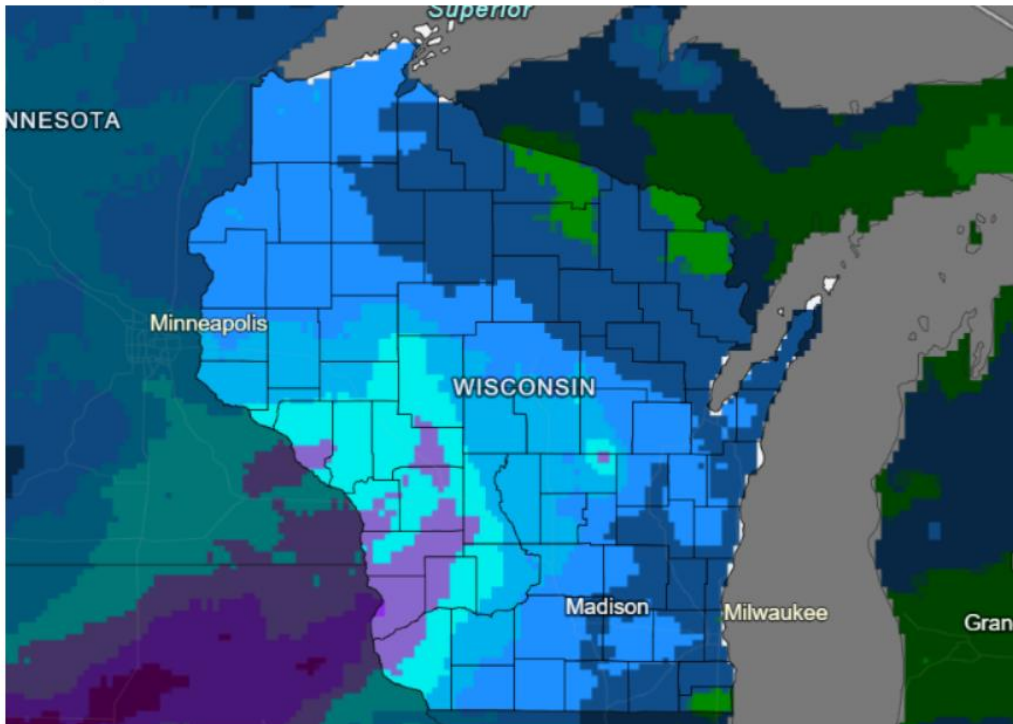
Planting is **underway** for corn and soybeans but has been **limited** by wet conditions.

- In the news:** <https://www.brownfieldagnews.com/news/cool-wet-fields-are-slowing-most-wisconsin-farmers/>

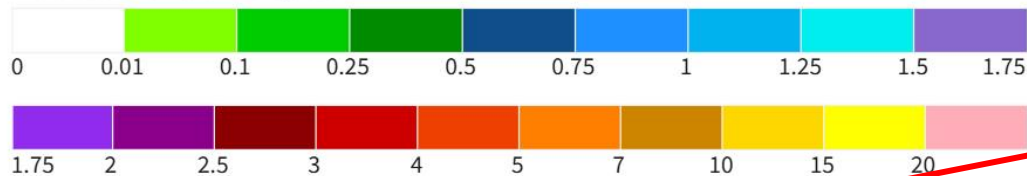
<https://agindrought.unl.edu/Other.aspx>

7 Day Precip Forecast

7-Day Quantitative Precipitation Forecast for April
22-29, 2025



Predicted Inches of Precipitation



Source(s): National Weather Service Weather Prediction Center
Last Updated: 04/22/25

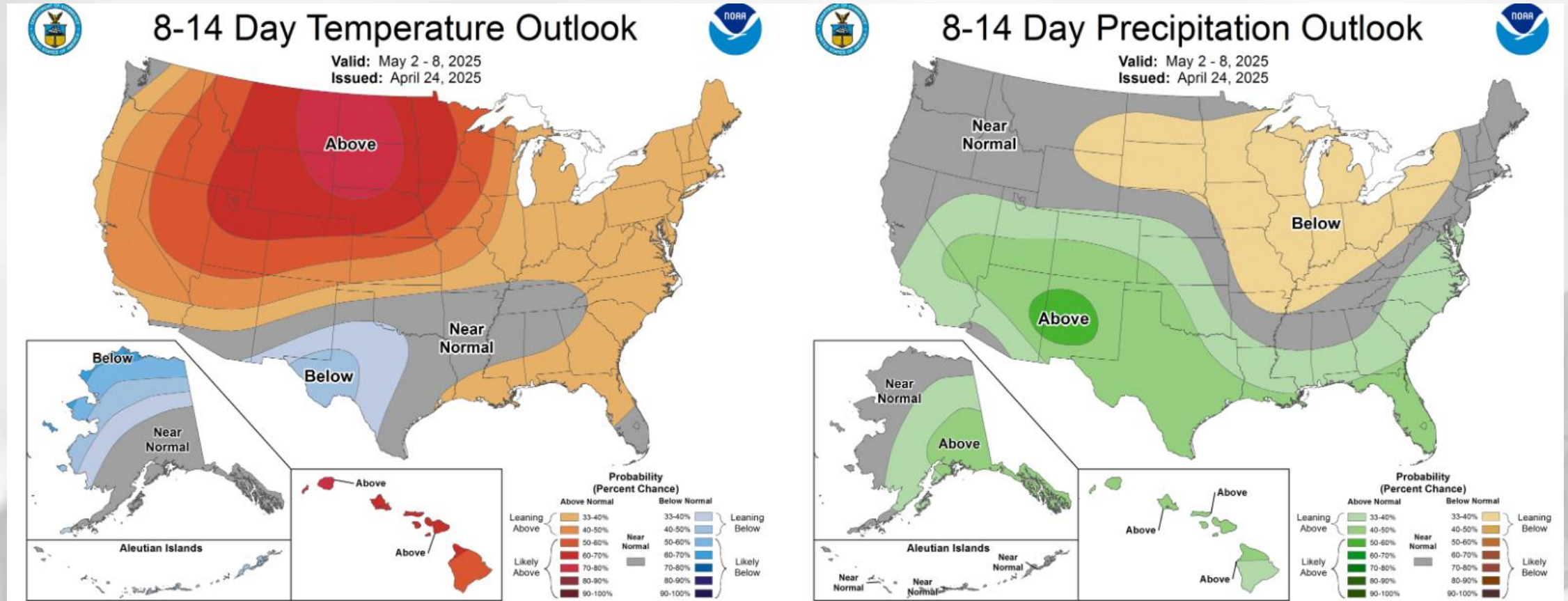
Drought.gov

- **Another active week** for precip upcoming.
- **Multiple rounds** of precip this week and into early next week. Check your local forecast for timing/totals.
- Highest chances for precip once again in the **SW and WC regions**.
- Potential for **over an inch** of new precip in the west. **Lesser chances** in the N and E.

Forecast for 4/22/25 thru 4/29/25
(Begins at 7am CDT)

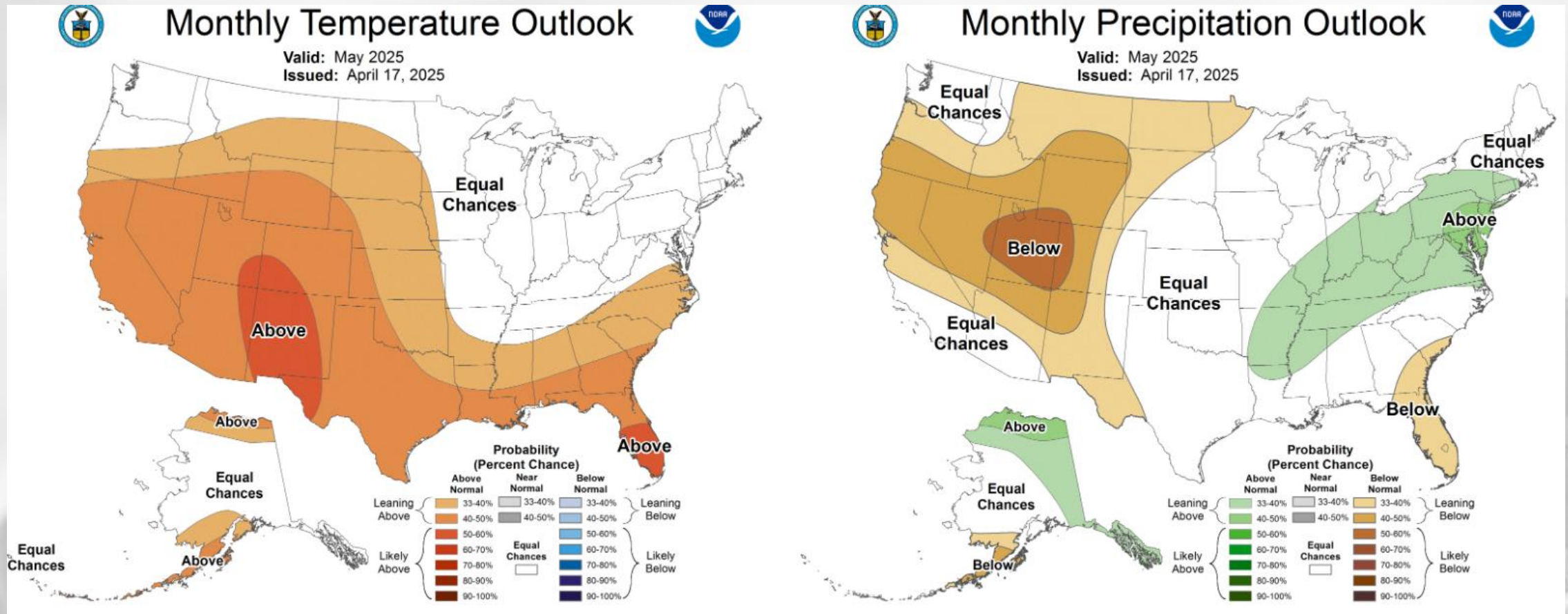
<https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/qpf/p168i.gif>
<https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin>

8-14 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Start of May: Temperatures likely to be above normal, with precipitation leaning towards below normal.

30 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Month of May: Temperature and precipitation uncertainty with equal chances for above, near, or below normal.

Take-Home Points

Current Conditions

- It was an **active week for precip** in WI, especially in the west-central (2-4"). Most in the state had **at least an inch** of new precip.
- Temperatures were **seasonal across the state** last week, with conditions leaning above (below) climatological average in the east (west).

Impact

- Soil moisture conditions remain **driest in the south**, but rains last week helped **alleviate dryness in the west**.
 - **>97%** of the state is drought-free, with the remaining **D1 coverage in the far SW**.
- Corn and soybean planting are underway (**1% & 2% complete**, respectively), limited somewhat by **cool and wet conditions** (Source: [NASS](#)).
- Wildfire risk is **low to moderate** across the state. **Check the DNR map daily** for the latest updates on risk.
- Wisconet soil temperature readings down to 20" depth are **at or above freezing statewide**. Frost is all but gone statewide.

Outlook

- Another **active week for precip** is predicted for the state. Chances are once again **highest in the west/southwest**.
- As we wrap up April and begin May, probabilities are **leaning towards warmer and drier** than normal.
- The month of May looks **more uncertain** for temperatures and precip with equal chances for above, near, or below normal.

Agronomic Considerations

Field Work and Conditions

- Soil temperatures to 4" are still cool in some northern areas, ensure temps are reaching 50 degrees at a minimum before planting. (See [WiscoNet](#)). Also note [upcoming insurance dates](#).
- Avoid trafficking fields in moist conditions to prevent compaction and rutting.
- Consider preplant nitrate tests to assess nitrate levels before fertilizing.
- Avoid fertilizer applications in wet and cool conditions. Nitrogen loss is greater in wet conditions.
- In drier regions of the state, consider earlier termination of cover crops to retain soil moisture if conditions remain dry.

Manure Applications

- Reminder of [Wisconsin's NR 151 Runoff Rules](#) with the timing of manure spreading and current runoff levels. Check [DATCP Runoff Risk Advisory Forecast](#).

Pest Management

- Start scouting fields by foot to note any early emerging weeds.
- Ensure temperatures (day, night, and soil) are conducive for herbicide applications. Pre-emergent herbicides require moisture for activation.
- Be observant of black cutworm and true armyworm moths migrating to the state. Check trap catches in your region with the [DATCP Pest Survey](#).

Forage Management

- Check existing alfalfa fields for signs of winterkill ([Evaluating stands](#)).
- New alfalfa seedlings can germinate at 32-34°F; most of the state is past low temperatures being dangerous for new seedlings.

Small Grains

- [Assess winter grain stands](#) and fertility needs. Reports of winterkill have been reported in Central Wisconsin and north.

More on the following slide ↓

Agronomic Considerations

Specialty Crops

Vegetables

- Consider the timing of cover crop termination to help manage cabbage maggots. Cabbage maggots overwinter in Wisconsin. When the flies emerge, they are attracted to fields with high organic matter. If possible, terminate and incorporate cover crops 2-3 weeks before planting to reduce the attractiveness of these fields as egg laying sites.
 - [More info on cabbage maggots](#)
- Start scouting for black cutworm migrating to the state with weather fronts. Check trap catches in your region with the [DATCP pest survey](#).
 - [More info on monitoring for black cutworm](#)
- Reference the [Vegetable Disease and Insect Forecasting Network](#) (VDIFN) to know what diseases and insects to be scouting for in your area

Fruit

- Rain in the past week has driven disease infection events for several fruit crops. Reminder: Many protectants will wash off after 1 inch of rain. Refer to [Wisconsin Fruit News](#) for the latest updates.
- Fruit growers can reference the NEWA weather station network for past and forecasted disease infection events. Check out your nearest weather station:
 - [NEWA Weather Station Network \(Cornell\)](#)
- Fruit growers may consider hanging white or yellow sticky cards for tarnished plant bug. Scouting may begin for early-season lepidopteran larvae as well.

User Survey

Are you a regular user of the Wisconsin Ag Weather Outlook (WAWO)? Or maybe you are viewing these slides for the first time this week? Either way, we want to hear **your** feedback on this new resource! Please take a few minutes and fill out this survey:

[LINK TO SURVEY](#)

Your feedback will help us better serve your ag-climate data needs through WAWO.

If you have any trouble accessing or filling out the survey, please email Josh Bendorf at jbendorf@wisc.edu.

Thank you!!

-The WAWO Team

Citizen Science Opportunity

CoCoRaHS – Community Collaborative Rain, Hail, & Snow Network

The Mission

(From cocorahs.org)

- Provide accurate high-quality precipitation data for end-users;
- Increasing the density of precipitation data available throughout the country;
- Encouraging citizens to have fun participating in meteorological science and heightening their awareness about weather;
- Providing weather education opportunities.



Sign Up Here:

<https://cocorahs.org/Content.aspx?page=application>

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Photo Credit: USDA



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